QUAIL CREEK POTTERY & SCULPTURE STUDIO GLAZING AND FIRING GUIDELINES

1. DESIGN FOR FIRING

-think of how your piece needs to be glazed and supported in the kiln

2. KNOW YOUR GLAZES

- -most glaze problems are attributed to "user error"
- -understand how they perform when used in combinations

3. CONTROL YOUR GLAZE APPLICATION

- -how thick/thin is your glaze
- -how many coats have you applied
- -have you left enough room for potential "running"

4. CLEAN THE BOTTOM

-no glaze, underglaze or wash can come in contact with the cookies, clay supports or kiln shelves

5. ATTACH COOKIES

- -use the largest cookie that fits within the outside rim of your piece to provide the most stable support and attach with wax resist
- -low, flat pieces need low flat support if glazed on edges
- -provide a "drip sheet" in addition to cookies to protect the kiln if experimenting with new glazes or combinations

6. WORKSHEETS

- -provide you and the kiln assistants with important information and need to accompany every piece
- -how long has the piece been uncovered and drying
- -what glazes/underglazes or washes were applied
- -how many coats of glaze were applied



Dry Foot - built in to piece no glaze within 3/8" of bottom





Bare Clay - no glaze within 3/8" from bottom

NO GLAZE



Attached Cookie - elevates piece off kiln shelf

COOKIE



Cookie placement- does not touch outside edge

NO GLAZE

COOKIE

NOTHING ON THE BOTTOM OF WORK. The only exception to this rule is for light weight decorative pieces, ornaments and beads supported with nichrome wire on bead trees or wire tipped stilts.

Don't hesitate to ask a monitor or kiln committee member if you have any questions.